

Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, Treasury

§ 19.333

the contents. Samples of such chemicals may be secured by ATF officers.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1356, as amended, 1365, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5201, 5222))

§ 19.328 Wash water.

Water used in washing chemicals to remove spirits therefrom may be run into a wash tank or a distilling material tank, or otherwise properly destroyed or disposed of on the premises.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1323, as amended, 1356, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5008, 5201))

INVENTORIES

§ 19.329 Production inventories.

Each distiller shall take a physical inventory of the spirits and denatured spirits in tanks and other vessels in the production account at the close of each calendar quarter and at such other times as the regional director (compliance) may require. The inventory shall show separately spirits and denatured spirits received for redistillation.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1356, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5201))

Subpart K—Redistillation

§ 19.331 General.

Distillers or processors may redistill spirits, denatured spirits, articles, and spirits residues. Certain products may only be redistilled pursuant to an approved formula on Form 5110.38, as specified in 27 CFR 5.27.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1365, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5223))

§ 19.332 Receipts for redistillation.

Proprietors may receive and redistill spirits or denatured spirits which (a) have not been removed from bond; (b) have been withdrawn from bond on payment or determination of tax, and are eligible for return to bond as provided in subpart U of this part; (c) have been withdrawn from bond free of tax or without payment of tax, and are eligible for return to bond as provided in subpart U; or (d) have been abandoned to the United States and sold to the proprietor without the payment of tax. Proprietors may also receive and redis-

till recovered denatured spirits and recovered articles returned under the provisions of § 19.683, and articles and spirits residues received under the provisions of § 19.684.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1356, as amended, 1365, as amended 1370, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5201, 5223, 5243); sec. 807, Pub. L. 96-93 Stat. 285 (26 U.S.C. 5215))

§ 19.333 Redistillation.

Spirits shall not be redistilled at a proof lower than that prescribed for the class and type at which such spirits were originally produced, unless the redistilled spirits are to be used in wine production, to be used in the manufacture of gin or vodka, or to be designated as alcohol. Different kinds of spirits must be redistilled separately, or with distilling material of the same kind or type as that from which the spirits were originally produced. However, such restriction shall not apply when (a) brandy is redistilled into “spirits-fruit” or “neutral spirits-fruit” (not for use in wine production), (b) whiskey is distilled into “spirits-grain” or “neutral spirits-grain”, (c) spirits originally distilled from different kinds of material are redistilled into “spirits-mixed” or “neutral spirits-mixed”, or (d) the spirits are redistilled into alcohol. All spirits redistilled subsequent to production gauge shall be treated the same as if such spirits had been originally produced by the redistiller and all provisions of this part and 26 U.S.C. Chapter 51 (including liability for tax attaching to spirits at the time of production) applicable to the original production of spirits shall be applicable thereto, except that spirits recovered by redistillation of denatured spirits, articles, or spirits residues may not be withdrawn from bonded premises except for industrial use or after denaturation thereof. Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting any provision of this chapter or of 27 CFR part 5 relating to the labeling of distilled spirits.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1365, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5223); sec. 807, Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 285 (26 U.S.C. 5215))

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